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#### ABSTRACT

An investigation was made of the effects of drop policy changes at Pasadena City College on student attrition and final-grade distributions. Data on student attrition were obtained from data processing printouts for the years 1965-1973, and final-grade distribution data were obtained from Departmental Grade Distribution Reports produced annually. Results of the survey showed that the first policy change that extended the drop data from the sixth week to the last three weeks caused a dramatic attrition increase, whereas the extending of the drop data an additional three weeks to the last Friday before finals increased attrition, but not to a significant degree. It was also shown that policy changes not only greatly increased the percentage of W (Withdrawal) grades but also shifted the distribution curve for A through F grades--the percentage of A and B grades was increased, with a reduction in C, D, and F grades. (DB)



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# EFFECTS OF CLASS DROP POLICY CHANGES ON STUDENT ATTRITION AND FINAL GRADES (GRADED CLASSES) PASADENA CITY COLLEGE 1965-1973

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#### I PURPOSE OF SURVEY

Prior to 1969 the Pasadena City College drop policy permitted a student to drop a graded class through the sixth week and receive a W (Withdrawal) grade. Dropping a class after the sixth week incurred an F grade penalty.

Effective fall 1969 the drop policy was changed to read:

Class drop during first 6 weeks = W grade

Class drop during 7th to last 3 weeks = W grade if student was passing

at time of drop

= F grade if student was not passing

Class drop during last 3 weeks = F grade

In fall 1970 the drop policy was further altered, permitting a student to drop a class up to the Friday before final examinations with a grade of W. This policy is currently in effect.

Considerable conjecture resulted among college staff concerning effects of the two major drop policy changes upon the total college program. This historical survey was designed to investigate effects of drop policy changes upon student attrition and final grade distributions.

#### Major Findings

1. The two changes in drop policy were followed by a very significant increase in total student attrition. The mean per cent attrition prior to fall 1969 was 16.22, the mean per cent attrition from fall 1969 to spring 1973 was 24.51, an increase of 8.29 per cent.



2. The two drop policy changes increased the per cent of A and W grades and decreased per cent of B, C, D and F grades for all graded courses. Mean per cent change and degree of significance are as follows:

	<u>Grade</u>	Mean % Change	Degree of Significance
	A	+ 2.88	Significant
	В	- 3.17	Significant
	С	-10.25	Very Significant
	D	- 4.40	Very Significant
	F	- 1.60	Significant
٦	Ε .	+ .30	Not Significant
	W	+16.45	Very Significant

### PART I STUDENT ATTRITION

Data relative to student attrition were gathered from data processing print-outs issued each semester for years 1965-1973. Printouts inventoried enrollment for each class at census date and at end of semester. Student attrition was determined by subtracting end of class count from census count. Attrition was considered the sum total of all drops and withdrawals from class during the semester. (Data were incomplete or unavailable for fall semesters 1965-66, 1966-67, 1968-69, hence not a part of this study.)

Data and statistics for this study are presented in terms of course numbering system which has been used at Pasadena City College since fall 1966:

Course Number	Purpose
1-99	University or senior college lower division courses
100-399	General education and occupationally oriented courses
400-499	Review and foundation building courses
course	
Number	
01-099	a commental additional actions
	General education courses
1-99	and the second correge lower division contrast
100-499	
400 <b>-</b> 499	oses of this study data for 1965 from Q courses were combined with courses, E and 100-499 data with 100-399.

Table I is a history of class enrollments by semester and year, according to course classification. Column 1, Total Enrollment All Courses, indicates a fairly steady increase from 41,377 in second semester 1965-66 to 52,427 second semester 1972-73.

Traditionally the majority of enrollments have been in 1-99 courses, (over 75% since spring 1969-70). Enrollment in the 100-399 courses has remained essentially



the same (approximately 20%). Per cent of enrollment in 400-499 courses has decreased about 50%.

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TABLE I HISTORY

ot ENROLLMENT AT CENSUS DATE 1-99, 100-399, 400-499 Courses 1965-1973

		1707-1717						
<u>Year</u>	Semester	Total Enrollment in All Courses	1-99 Enroll- ment	% of	:00-3 Enroll- ment	% of	400-4 Enroll- ment	% of
1972-73	2	52,427	40,252	76.7	10,570	20.2	1,605	3.1
	1	52,307	39,554	75.7	10,852	20.7	1,901	3.6
1971-72	2	51,456	40,012	77.8	9,790	19.0	1,654	3.2
	1	54,092	42,422	78.4	9,567	17.7	2,103	3.9
1970-71	2	50,781	39,190	77.2	9,671	19.0	1,920	3.8
	1	50,511	38,909	77.0	9,391	18.6	2,211	4.4
1969-70	2	45,549	34,585	76.0	8,582	18.8	2,382	5.2
	1	47,277	34,971	74.0	9,194	19.4	3,112	6.6
1968-69 *	2	43,565	32,127	73.7	8,501	19.5	2,937	6.7
1967-68	2	43,033	31,059	72.2	8,485	19.7	3,489	8.1
	1	44,753	30,338	67.8	9,370	20.9	5,045	11.3
1966-67 *	2	41,146	29,426	71.5	8,103	19.7	3,617	8.8
1965-66 *	2	41,377	29,605	71.6	8,994	21.7	2,778	6.7

<sup>\*</sup> Data unavailable for first semesters 1965-66, 1966-67, 1968-69

Table II details student attrition by year and semester for 1-99 courses and 100-499 courses. Figure I is a graphic portrait of per cent attrition from columns 5, 8 and 11 of Table II. All three curves show a steep rise in fall 196970 when the first drop policy change became effective. All three curves show a gradual rise beginning in fall 1970 when the second policy was implemented.

Figure 1 indicates attrition in the 100-499 courses prior to 1968-69 was much higher than in the 1-99 courses and for the total college.





TABLE 11
STUDENT ATTRITION
CENSUS DATE TO END OF CLASS
1-99, 100-499 Courses
1965-1973

		I	1-99 COURSES	S		100-499 COURSES	ES	A	ALL COURSES	SES
<u>E</u> Year Semester Census	nester	Census	rollment End of Class	Per Cent Attrition	Census	End of Class	Fer Cent Attrition	Census	<u>coliment</u> End of Class	Per Cent Attrition
(E)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7)	(8)	(6)	(10)	Ξ
1972-73	1 2	40,252 39,554	30,006 29,687	25.5 24.9	12,175	8,698 9,373	28.6 26.5	52,427 52,307	38,704 39,060	26.2 25.3
1971-72	7 -	40,012 42,422	29,321 32,002	26.7 24.6	11,444 11,670	8,351 8,631	27.0 26.0	51,456 54,092	37,672 40,633	26.8 24.9
1970-71	7 -	39,190 38,909	29,759 30,118	24.1 22.6	11,591	8,739 8,879	24.6 23.5	50,781 50,51	38,498 38,997	24.2 22.8
02-6961	7 -	34,585 34,971	26,804 26,971	22.5 22.9	10,964 12,306	8,363 9,365	23.7 23.9	45,549 47,277	35,167 36,336	22.8 23.1
* 69-8961	* 2	32,127	27,158	15.5	11,438	759,6	15.6	43,565	36,812	15.5
1567–68	7 -	31,059 30,338	26,466 25,722	14.8	11,974	9,508 11,630	20.6 19.3	43,033 44,753	35,974 37,352	16.4
1966-67 * 2	% 7	29,456	25,267	14.1	11,720	9,542	18.6	41,146	34,809	15.4
1965-66 * 2	۶ 2	29,605	25,055	15.4	11,772	9,145	22.3	41,377	34,200	17.3

\* Complete corollment data unavailable for first semester 1965-66, 1966-67, 1968-69

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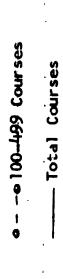


# PER CENT ATTRITION TOTAL COLLEGE

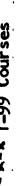
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COURSES 1-99, 100-499
BY SEMESTER AND YEAR 1965-1972







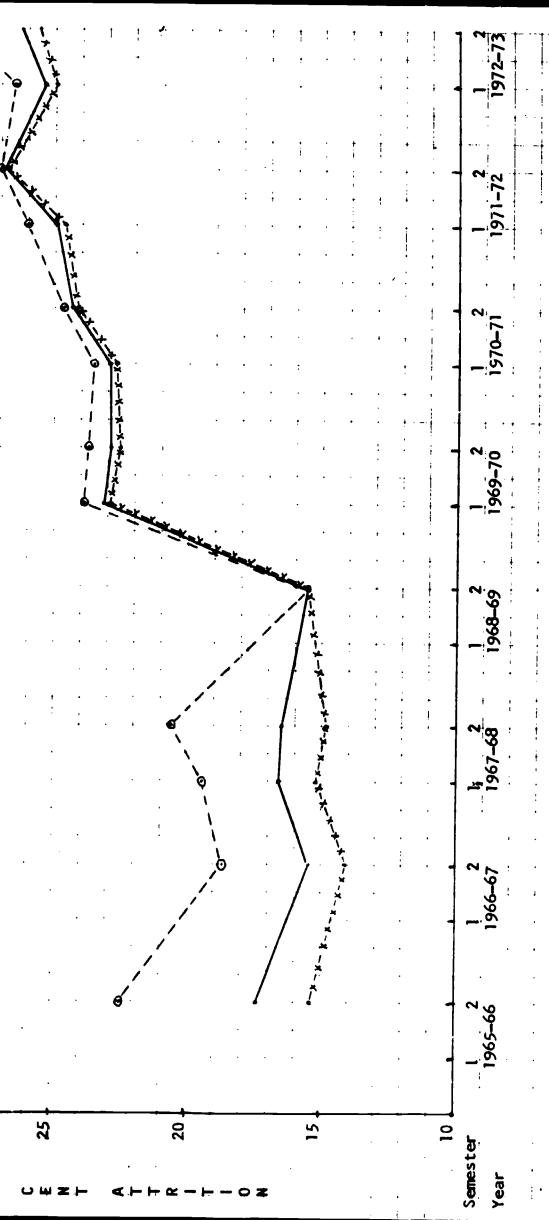


Table III details enrollments and attrition for 100-399, and 400-499 courses. Figure II graphically compares per cent attrition over the years in all three course classifications. Prior to fall 1969 attrition in both 100-399 and 400-499 was high, but was gradually dropping, while attrition remained fairly constant in 1-99 courses. Beginning fall 1969 all curves show an increase in attrition. Attrition has been lowest in 100-399 courses since fall 1969, except for spring 1973. Attrition has been consistently highest in 400-499 courses.

TABLE III

HISTORY

of

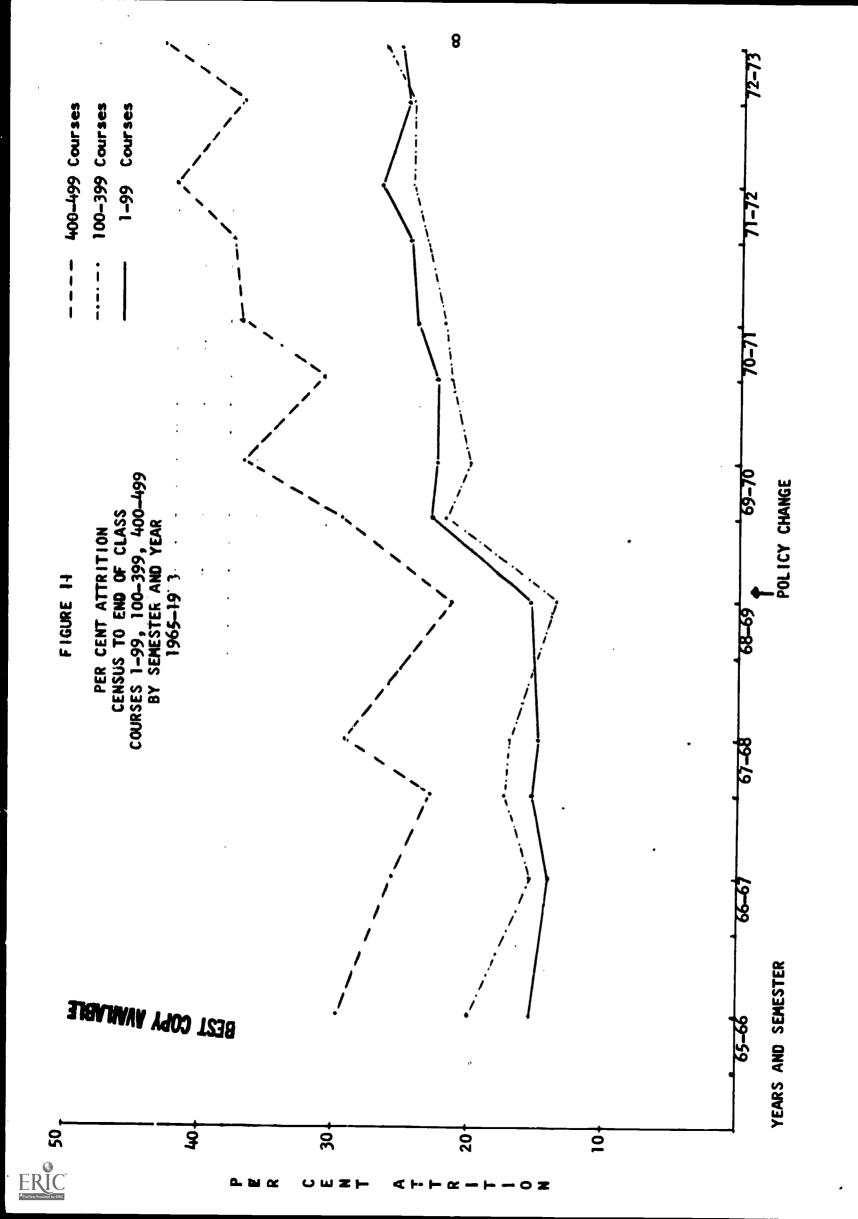
STUDENT ATTRITION

CENSUS TO END OF CLASS
100-399, 400-499 Courses
1965-1973

	<u>1</u>	00-399 E	nrollmen End of	<u>it</u> % Attri-	400-	499 Enro	
<u>Year</u>	Semester	Census (1)	Class (2)		Census (4)	End of Class (5)	% Attri- tion (6)
197 <b>2-73</b>	2 1	10,570 10,852	7,783 8,178	26.4 24.6	1,605 1,901	91 <i>5</i> 1,195	43.0 37.1
1971 <b>-7</b> 2	2	9,790 9,567	7,393 7,326	24.5 23.4	1,654 2,103	958 1,305	42.1 37.9
1970-71	2 1	9,671 9,391	7 530 1,352	22.1 21.7	1,920 2,211	1,209 1,527	37.0 30.9
1969-70	2 1	8,582 9,194	6,859 7,174	20.1 22.0	2,382 3,112	1,504 2,191	36.9 29.6
		- POL	I C Y	C H A N G	E	-	
1968-69	2 *	8,501	7,349	13.6	2,937	2,305	21.5
1967-68	<b>2</b> 1	8,485 9,370	7,039 7,743	17.0 17.4	3,489 5,045	2,469 3,887	29.2 23.0
1966-67	2 *	8,103	6,859	15.4	3,617	2,683	25.8
1965-66	2 *	8,994	7,192	20.0	2,778	1,953	29 <b>.7</b>

<sup>\*</sup> Data not available for first semesters 1965-66, 1966-67, 1968-69





SIGNIFICANCE of DROP POLICY CHANGES on STUDENT ATTRITION

In order to determine significance of policy changes on student attrition the mean per cent attrition for the five semesters prior to 1969 was compared with mean per cent attrition for eight semesters thereafter.

Table IV records statistics according to course classifications. For example the mean per cent attrition for courses 1-99, for the five semesters prior to fall 1969, was 15.0, mean per cent attrition for eight semesters thereafter was 24.2, an increase of 9.2 per cent. This is a very significant increase (t=10.698). Table IV shows a very significant increase in mean per cent attrition in each course classification: the greatest increase occurs in 400-499 courses (+10.97 mean per cent), an increase of 8.29 is recorded for all courses combined.

#### Effect of Each Policy Change

Table V compares effects of the two drop policy changes upon attrition in all courses. The mean per cent attrition prior to first policy change in fall 1969 was 16.22, for the two semesters immediately following it was 22.95 - an increase of 6.73 (a very significant increase). The mean per cent attrition for six semesters following second policy change in fall 1970 was 25.03, an increase of 2.08 which is not significant. In other words, Table V indicates the first policy change was followed by a very significant increase in level of attrition. The second policy change has been followed by a general increase in attrition, although not a significant change during the six semesters.



#### TABLE IV

#### **COMPARISON**

of

## MEAN PER CENT ATTRITION BEFORE AND AFTER DROP POLICY CHANGE Courses 1-99, 100-399, 400-499

Event and Time Span	Courses 1-99 Mean % Attrition	Courses 100-399 Mean % Attrition	Courses 400-499 Mean % Attrition	All Courses Mean % Attrition
Before Policy Changes (1965-Spring 1969)	15.0	16.68	25.84	16.22
After Policy Changes (Fall 1969-Spring 1973)	24.2	23.10	36 <b>.8</b> 1	24.51
Mean Per Cent Change	+ 9.2	+ 6.42	+10.97	+ 8.29
Degree of Significance	Very Signi- ficant (t=10.698 (11 df)	Very Signi- ficant )(t=5.232) (11 df)	Very Signi- ficant (t=4.441) (11 df)	Very Signi- ficant (t=10.877) (11 df)

#### TABLE V

#### **COMPARISON**

of

## MEAN PER CENT ATTRITION IN ALL COURSES BEFORE AND AFTER EACH POLICY CHANGE

Time Span	Mean Per Cent Attrition	Degree of Significance
Before Fall 1969 (Five Semesters)	16.22	
1969-1970 Two Semesters	22.95	
Change	+ 6.73	Very Significant (t = 12.844) (5 df)
Fall 1970 through Spring 1973 Six Semesters	25.03	
Change From Two S <sub>e</sub> mesters 1969-70	+ 2.08	Not Significant (t = 1.930) (6 df)



#### PART II

## ON FINAL GRADE DISTRIBUTION

SEP.

Data for this portion of the survey came from Departmental Grade Distribution

Reports traditionally produced each fall semester by Data Processing Center. Print—

outs list the number and per cent \*\* of students obtaining A, B, C, D, E, F, W\* grades,

both for day and evening classes. Data are provided according to 1-99 courses and

100-499 courses only. For purposes of this study data for day and evening were combined.

Table VI lists by year the number and per cent of students earning final grades according to 1-99 or 100-499 courses.

Figures III, IV, and V show graphically by year and course classification the per cent of students earning final grades: Figure III records all courses, Figure IV 1-99, and Figure V 100-499 courses.

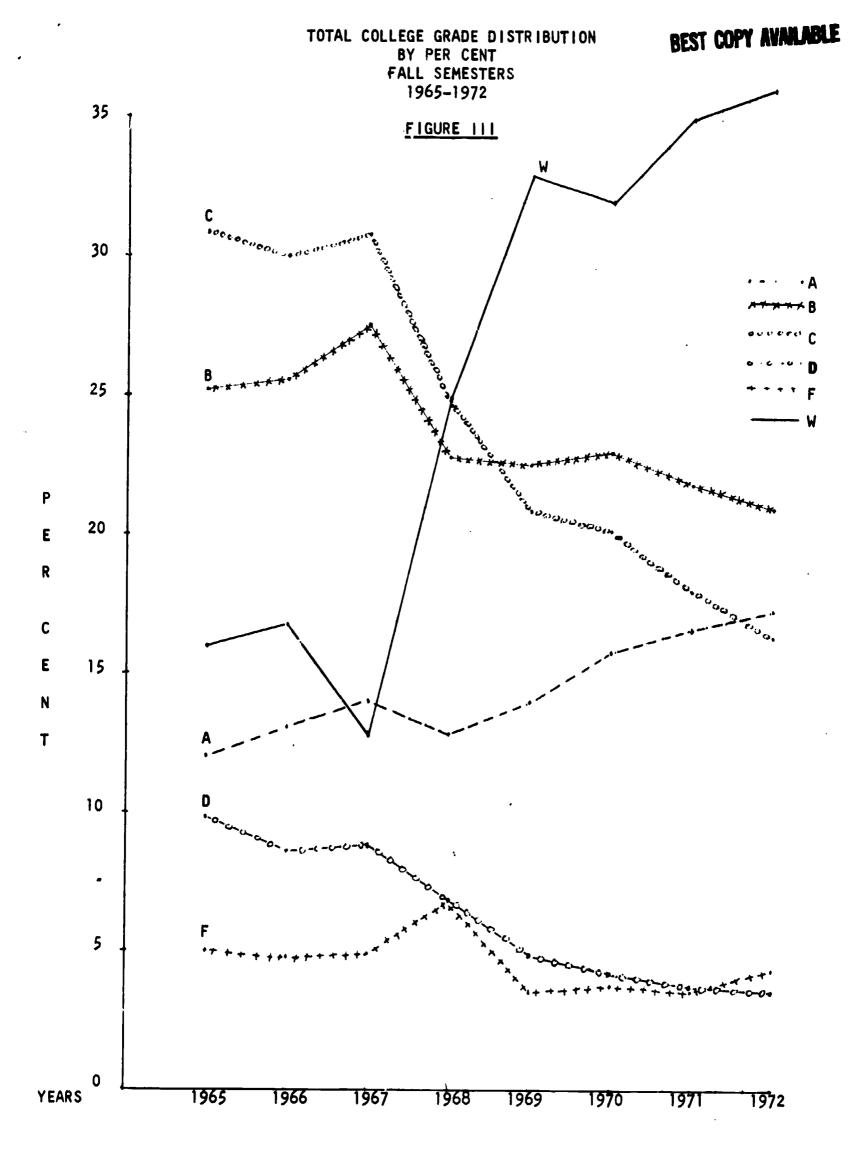
- \* A W grade means the student was enrolled in the class but either dropped the class or withdrew from college.
- \*\* In 1967 a change occurred in the policy for determining per cent of letter grades earned. Prior to 1967 per cent was based on total number of students completing the class, since that time per cents have been based on maximum enrollment in the class. All percentages in this report were based on maximum class enrollment.



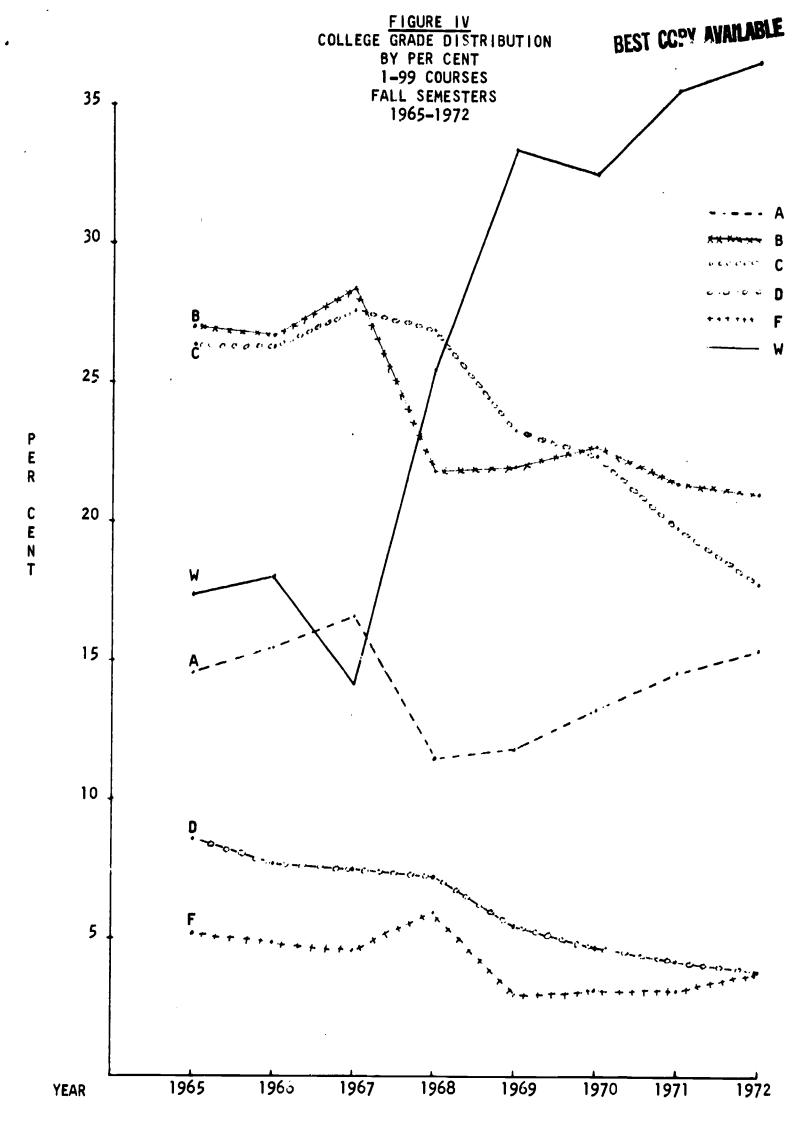


TABLE VI Final GRADE DISTRIBUTIONS NUMBER AND PER CENT 1-99, 100-499 Courses FALL 1965-1972

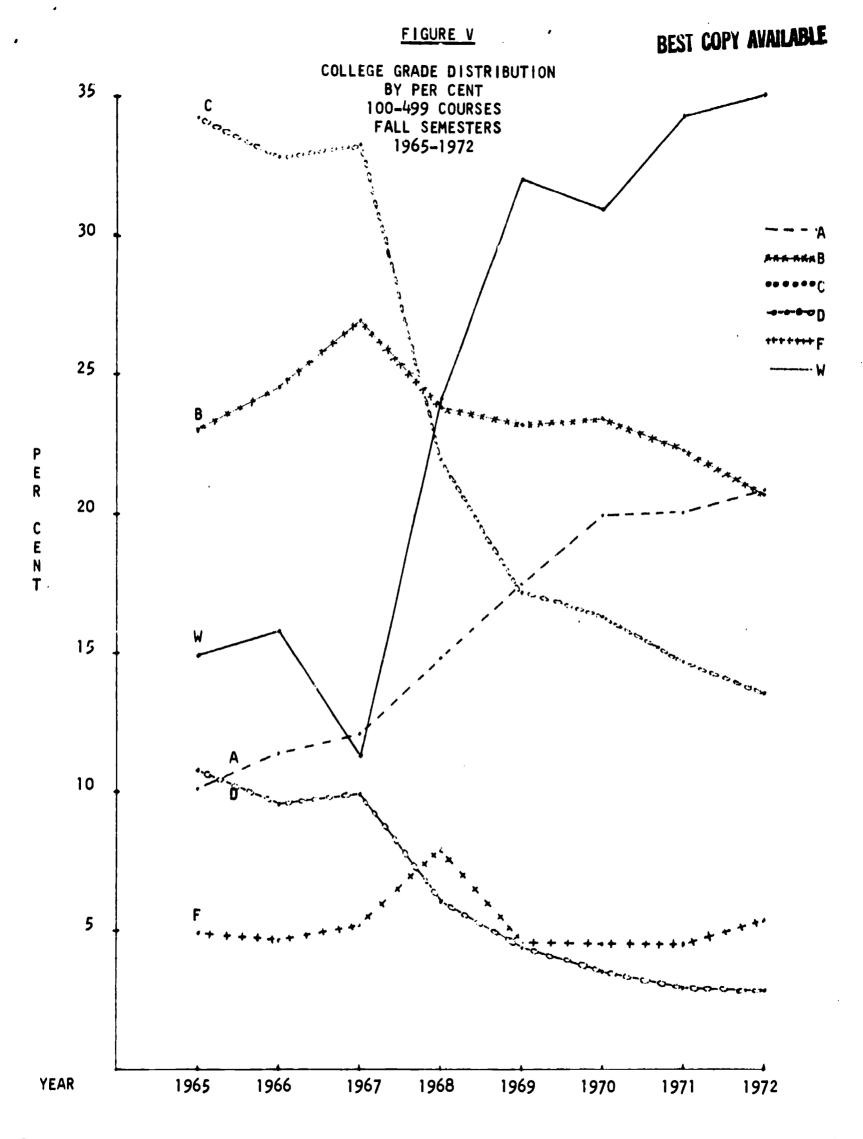
										••	21-	•															
1	Cent (16)	36.6	35.4	32.5	33.4	25.5	14.2	18.0	17.1		1 72	34.2	ן פר רג ס	32.1	24.2	11,3	15.7	15.0		36.1	35.1	32.0	32.9	24.9	12.7	16.7	16.0
3	Number (15)	13.70}	13,316	11,692	10,610	7,437	2,720	3.543	3,564		7 217	6.738	720 9	6,450	5,282	2,647	4,093	3,977		20.918	20,104	17,769	17,060	12,719	5,367	7.656	7,541
,	Cent (14)	3	3.0	3.2	2.9	5.9	9.4	6.4	5.2		7 4	4.4	7 7	4.5	7.9	5.2	4.7	4.9		4.3	3.6	3.7	3.5	8.9	6.4	<b>4</b> -8	5.0
<b>"</b>	Number (13)	1,405	1,162	1,172	543	1,732	887	976	1,044		1,102	882	808	910	1.740	1.209	1,237	1,306		2,507	2,044	2,070	1.853	3,472	2.096	2,207	2,350
i i	Cent (12)	9.	1.3	<b>o</b> •	0.	0.	٠,٠	ထ္	.7		9-1	<u> </u>	6	, α		0	0.	1.0		1.6	1.3	٥.	6	0	ထ္	6	ထူ
ш	Number (11)	585	497	353	337	301	146	180	134		323	227	183	177	167	229	261	270		908	724	535	514	779	375	421	<del>1</del> 07
P Per	(10)	3.8	4.2	4.7	7.5	7.2	7.5	<b>9.</b> ′	8.7		2.8	2.8	3.5	4.3	6.1	6.6	9.5	10.7		3.5	3.8	4.2	4.9	<b>8.</b> 9	& &	<b>9.</b> 8	8.6
1	Number (9)	1,440	1,581	1,692	1,717	2,114	1,437	1,505	1,770		571	573	685	798	1,349	2,317	2,471	2,856		2,011	2,154	2,377	2,581	3,463	3,754	3,976	4,626
ا م	Cent (8)	17.8	19.8	22.3	23.3	26.9	27.6	26.4	76.4		13.6	14.7	16.3	17.2	22.0	33,3	32.8	34.4		16.3	18.1	20°5	20.9	24.8	30.8	30.0	30.9
니	Nimber (7)	899,9	7,439	8,029	7,407	7,859	5,258	5,223	5,384		2,792	2,913	3, 189	3,473	4,792	7,756	8,536	9,127		9,460	10,352	11,218	10,880	12,651	13,014	13,759	14,511
Per	Cent (6)	21.1	21.4	22,7	22.0	21.8	28.4	26.7	27.2		20.8	22.4	23.5	23.3	23.8	26.9	24.6	23.8		21.0	ထ္	0	•2	.7		'n	.2
<b>~</b>	Number (5)	7,893	8,055	8,188	766,9	6,385	5,410	5,294	5,505		4,272	4,438	4,600	4,687	5,201	6,254	6,400	6,342	OURSES	12,165	12,493	12,788	11,681	11,586	11,664	11,694	11,847
Per Per	Cent (4)	15.4		13,3	11.7	11.4	9•91	15.4	14.7		20.9	20°1	20°0	17.5	14.8	12.1	11.4	10.2	)3 66 <del>1</del> -	17.3	16.5	15.7	14.0	12.8	14.1	13.1	12.0
Ψ	Number (3)		2,488	4,789	3,743	3,329	3,163	•	2,985	SES	4,288	3,982	3,923	3,530	3,237	2,818	2,963	2,696	and 100-499 COURSES	10,054	9,470	8,712	7,273	995,3	5,981	•	5,681
Total Enroll-	ment (2) -99 COURSES	ורח ו	37,538	35,915	31,751	29,157	19,021	19,775	20,386	100-499 COURSES	20,565	19,803	19,555	20,091	21,768	23,230	25,961	26,574	SUMMARY 1-99	58,023	57,341	55,470	51,842	50,925	42,251	45,736	096,94
	Year (1)	1	1971–72	1/-0/61	0/-6961	69-8961	1967-68	1966-67	1965-66	의	1972-73	1971-72	1970-71	1969-70	1968–69	1967–68	1966–67	1965-66	ns	1972-73	1971–72	12-0/61	1969-70	1968–69	1967–68	1966-67	1965-66













#### Significance of Drop Policy Change on Final Grades

In order to determine the effect of drop policy changes on each final grade, the mean per cent earned for the first four years prior to policy change (fall 1969) was compared with the mean per cent earned in the subsequent four years.

Table VII records these statistics for each letter grade according to course rumber. For example, under 1-99 courses in the first column, the mean per cent of A's earned in the first four years prior to drop policy change was 14.53. The mean per cent of A's in 1969-1972 was 13.75 - a decrease of .78 mean per cent. This is not a statistically significant change. The first column under 100-499 courses indicates a mean per cent increase of 7.50 in A grades, which is very significant.

Finally, Table VII summarizes the general effect of policy changes on letter grades: an increase in A and W grades and decrease in B, C, D and F grades, (E grades were not affected by policy changes).

Figures VI, VII and VIII illustrate graphically the mean per cent changes in each letter grade according to course classification: Figure VI illustrates all courses, VII, the 1-99, and Figure VIII 100-499 courses. The bar graphs are identical to the mean per cent before and after policy changes shown in Table VII.

All three figures indicate drop policy changes greatly increased mean per cent of W grades with following effects on A - F grade distributions: Prior to policy changes C grades were in modal frequency position, after policy changes B grades had highest frequency position, in 100-499 courses (Figure VIII) both A and B were higher than C. In other words drop changes truncated the A - F grade distribution: total per cent of A and B grades increased with reduction in per cent of C, D and F grades.



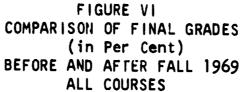
TABLE VII

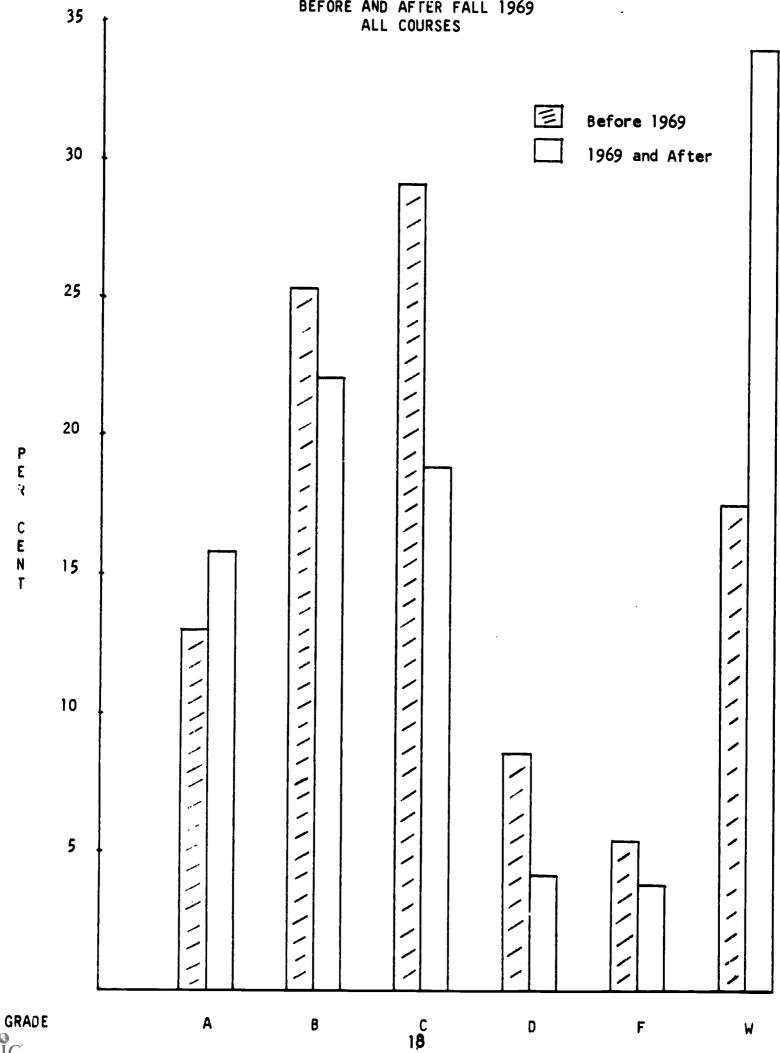
MEAN PER CENT OF FINAL GRADES
BEFORE AND AFTER POLICY CHANGE

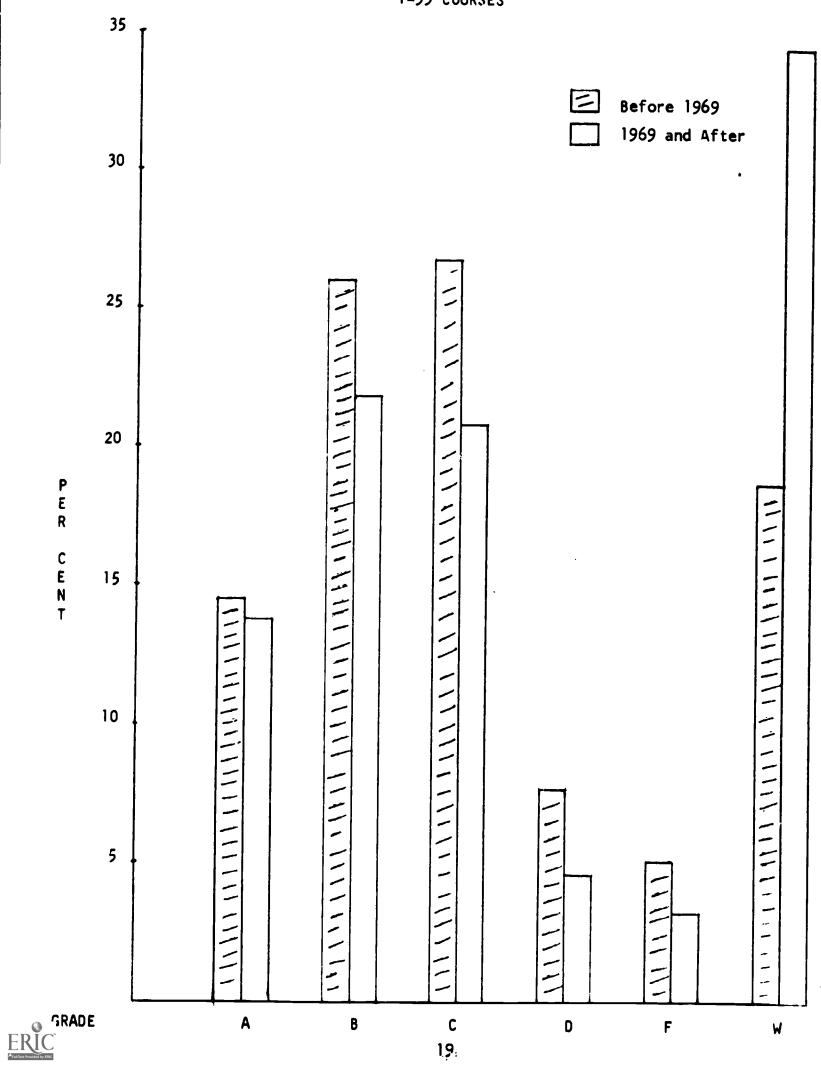
	<u>A</u>	MEAN PER B	CENT OF TOT	AL CLASS E	NROLLMENT F	BY LETTER	R GRADE W
1-99 COURSES							
Before Policy Change (1965-1968)	14.53	26.03	26.83	7.75	5.15	.8	18.70
After Policy Change (1969-1972)	13.75	21.80	20.80	4.53	3.23	1.2	34.48
Change	78 Not Signi- ficant (t=.565) (6 df)	- 4.23 Signi- ficant (t=2.885) (6 df)	- 6.03 Very Signi- ficant (t=4.786) (6 df)	-3.22 Very Signi- ficant (t=6.192) (6 df)	-1.92 Very Signi- ficant (t=5.818) (6 df)	+ .4 Not Signi- ficant (t=2.381 (6 df)	+15.78 Very Signi- ficant )(t=6.147) (6 df)
100-499 COURSES							•
Before Policy Change	12.13	24.78	30.63	9.05	5,68	.9	16.55
After Policy Change	19.63	22.50	15.45	3.35	4.70	1.1	33.10
Change	+ 7.50 Very Signi- ficant (t=6.250 (6 df)	- 2.28 Not Signi- ficant (t=2.303) 6 df)	-15.18 Very Signi- ficant (t=5.047) (6 df)	-5.70 Very Signi- ficant (t=5.297) (6 df)	98 Not Signi- ficant (t=1.505) (6 df)	+ .2 Not Signi- ficant (t=1.058 (ó df)	+16.55 Very Signi- ficant )(t=5.734) (6 df)
TOTAL COLLEGE							
Before Policy Change	13.00	25.25	29.13	8.50	5.38	.85	17.58
After Policy Change	15.88	22.08	18.88	4.10	3.78	1.18	34.03
Change	+ 2.88 Signi- ficant (t=3.542) (6 df)	- 3.17 Signi- ficant (t=2.991) (6 df)	-10.25 Very Signi- ficant (t=5.765) (6 df)	-4.40 Very Signi- ficant (t=6.171) (6 df)	-1.60 Signi- ficant (t=3.137) (6 df)	+ .30 Not Signi- ficant (t=1.739 (6 df)	+16.45 Very Signi- ficant )(t=5.952) (6 df)

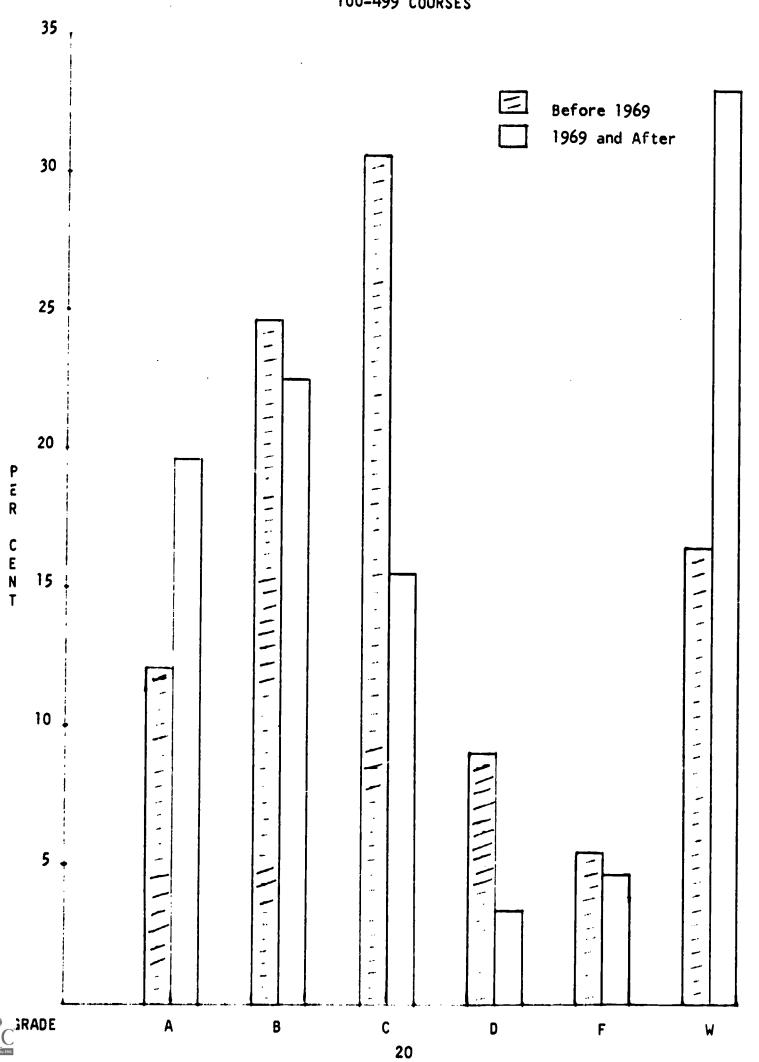


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#### History of W Grades

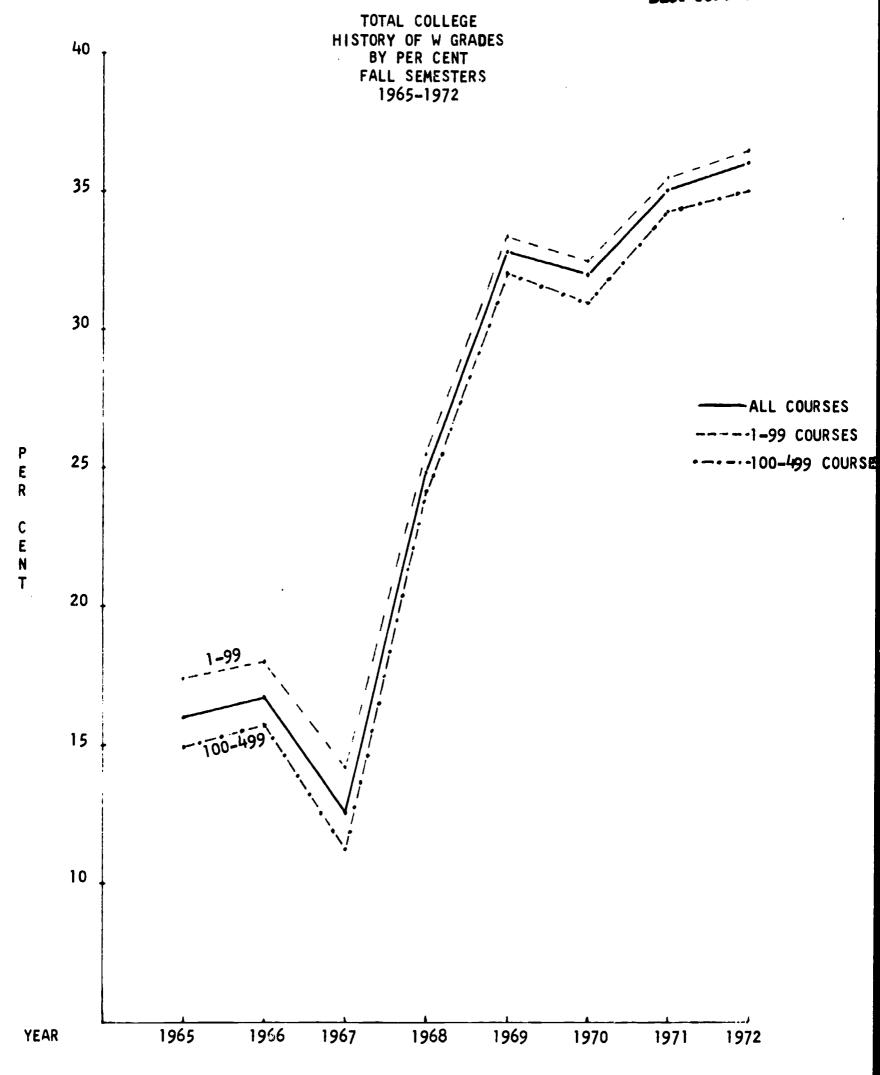
Figure IX graphically compares the history of W grades (in per cent) earned each fall in 1-99, 100-499, and total courses. Traditionally the per cent of W grades has been higher in 1-99 courses than in 100-499 courses, regardless of drop policies. This information may appear inconsistent with Figure I which shows attrition to have been higher in 100-499 courses than in 1-99. However, a most likely clarification can be found in the two sources of data: Attrition in Figure I comes from differences between census enrollment and end of class, whereas per cent of W grades in Figure IX was determined by dividing number of students receiving W grades by peak class enrollment. Peak enrollment most likely occurred before census date.

Figure I could very well indicate a higher per cent of students in 1-99 courses drop or withdraw before census date than in 100-499 courses.





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#### SUMMARY AND COMMENTS

On the basis of findings in this survey the following observations are offered:

1. Class Enrollments

During the past eight years class enrollments have shown a steady increase to a peak of 52,427 in spring 1972-73. Courses 1-99 have consistently enrolled the majority of students - over 75% during each of the last eight semesters.

The 100-399 courses had a fairly consistent 20% of total enrollment, whereas per cent enrollment in the 400-499 courses has dropped about one-half (from 6.7 in spring 1965 to 3.1 spring 1973).

#### II. Attrition and Drop Policy Changes

- A. Attrition has traditionally been highest in 400-499 courses, regardless of drop policy changes.
- B. Prior to changes in drop policy, attrition was lowest in 1-99 courses, since drop policy changes attrition has been lowest in 100-399 courses.
- C. Attrition during the last three years has been higher in second semester than the first.
- D. The first drop policy change (fall 1969) was followed by 6.73% increase in attrition during the next two semesters. This was a very significant increase. The second drop policy change (fall 1970) was followed by a gradual (but not significant) attrition increase of 2.08%.

In other words the first policy change which extended the drop date from sixth week to the last three weeks ushered in a dramatic attrition increase, whereas extending the drop date an additional three weeks to the last Friday before finals increased attrition, but not to a significant degree.



E. Effects of the two drop policies on attrition are in keeping with findings of a withdrawal study made by the Pasadena City College Research Office for spring semester 1971: Students withdraw at a fairly steady rate all during the semester rather than rushing to withdraw just before final examinations.

Further research is also needed to determine class drop rate during the semester. Accurate information concerning effect of drop date changes on student attrition is essential in view of the proposed second census date for determining units of ADA.

#### III. Final Grade Distribution

A. The two drop policies had the following effect on grades (by course numbers)

Courses	Effect			
1-99	Increase in W grades Decrease in B, C, D, F grades No significant change in A	ALIF.	₹	FOR
100-499	Increase in A and W grades Decrease in C and D grades No significant change in B and F grades	FRSITY OF CALI LOS ANGELES	25 1974	VGHOUSE OR COLLEG ORMATION
All Courses	Increase in A and W grades Decrease in all other grades	UNIVER	100	CLEARI JUNIC INFC

E grades were not affected by drop policy changes.

B. Policy changes not only greatly increased the per cent of W grades but also shifted the distribution curve for A-F grades. Prior to fall 1969 the modal frequency was the C grade, after fall 1969 the modal frequency was the B grade. In other words, the drop policy changes tended to truncate the A-F grade distribution curve: the per cent of A and B grades was increased, with reduction in C, D, and F grades.

